

CPAP Care Bundle

This guideline will provide all staff on proper use of CPAP fixation as all medical and nursing staff are responsible for looking after any infant on CPAP.

This guideline was created in order to:

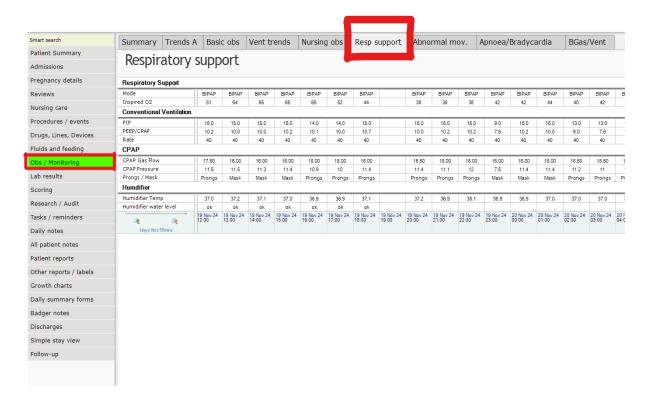
- 1. Promote optimal gas exchange
- 2. Ensure comfort
- 3. Prevent nasal breakdown
- 4. Prevent intubation due to CPAP failure.

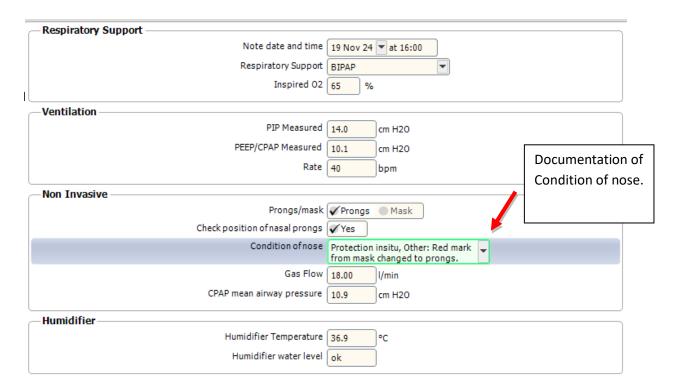
Documentation should be completed in BadgerNet (See photos below for reference) and Datix filled out for any baby who suffers from nasal septal redness or breakdown. Please ensure that you fill out the following sections to completion as regular audits will be undertaken.

- Respiratory support
 - Ventilation
 - Non-Invasive
 - Condition of the nose should be assessed and documented every
 3 hours with changing between mask and prongs.
 - Complete Nasal Septum scoring every 3 hours with each mask/prong change.
 - Mask and prong size should be documented in the nursing notes narrative.
- Integrity of skin Barrier: intact, moist, peeling, or changed. This should be documented in the nursing notes narrative.
- Humidifier
 - o Humidifier temperature and water level.



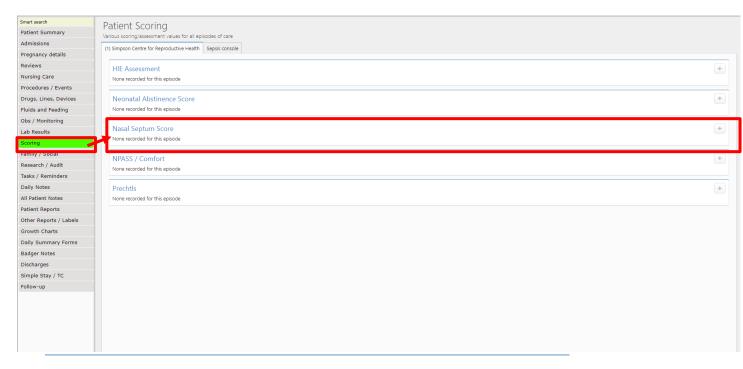
- Where to document condition of nose:

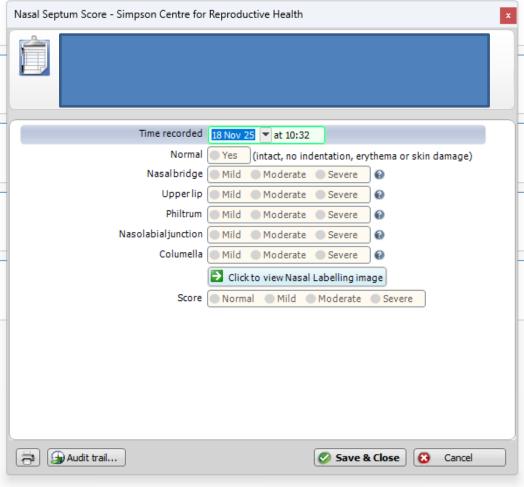






- Where to complete Nasal Septum Scoring:







A Bundle has been created to ensure that correctly sized mask or prongs are correctly positioned without causing undue pressure, and that the condition of the nose is protected with a barrier and both assessed regularly to prevent breakdown.

Prior to initiating CPAP and throughout the course of CPAP use, please ensure that you are following the bundle items:

• **Size:** sizing should be verified with two people using Vyaire's measuring tool when first placed on CPAP and weekly to verify size.

• Pressure (with cares):

- Prongs should be checked to ensure that they are not resting on the nasal septum.
- Masks should be checked to ensure they are not touching the nares at any point and that they are not resting on the nasal septum.
- Straps should be loose enough across the cheeks to fit one finger's width.
- Change/alternate and relieve pressure from the CPAP mask/prongs every 3
 hours and ensure the area is completely dry before re-securing. Moisture
 removal is essential. Change infants position.
- For extremely preterm infants, prongs may be challenging. If the CPAP mask becomes too warm and collapses, alternate between two masks, allowing one to cool and dry between uses.
- **Protect:** Use Cavilon barrier film stick to coat nasal area.
 - This should be a two person task.
- Rainout: CPAP/DuoPap circuit should run down away from baby- this ensures
 rainout moves away from the babies' nose and does not cause moisture around the
 nasal area. Temperature probe should be located inside of the incubator. The blue
 extension tubing should be removed and the exhaust tubing place just outside of the
 incubator. (see photos below for reference)
- **Clean:** Masks/prongs should be washed in hot water with mild detergent and stored in a clean container to air dry outside the incubator but within the infant's cot space. Masks/prongs should be replaced at least weekly, sooner if either is visibly soiled.
- Monitor: Documentation of condition of nose and nasal septum scoring should be completed at each mask/prong change and the senior nursing should be notified when redness or breakdown is noted. This can be escalated to senior medical as required. Tissue Viability should be contacted when skin breakdown is noted for early input and a datix should be completed.
- **Positioning:** Infants should be repositioned one quarter turn every 6 hours in keeping with the IVH bundle or every 3-4 hours with cares. For appropriate positioning, please refer to the positioning guideline.



Photo references:

Step 1:



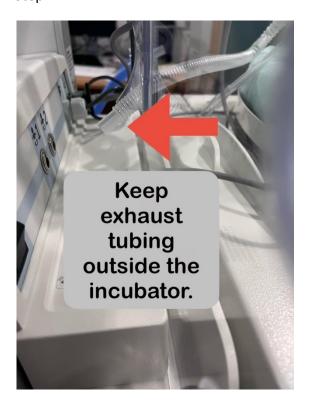
Step 3:



Step 2:



Step 4:





References:

Dai, Tian; Lv, Limin; Liu, Xiaojuan; Chen, Jin; Ye, Yalan; Xu, Lixuan. Nasal Pressure Injuries Due to Nasal Continuous Positive Airway Pressure Treatment in Newborns: A Prospective Observational Study. Journal of Wound, Ostomy and Continence Nursing 47(1):p 26-31, January/February 2020. DOI: 10.1097/WON.00000000000000604

NHS University Hospitals of Leicester. (2023, July). UHL Neonatal Guideline: CPAP Nursing Care. V: 4 Approved by: Women's Quality & Safety Board Trust ref: C35/2015